

8.

$$C(t) = \frac{0.1t}{(t+3)^2}$$

$$C(1) = 6.25 \times 10^{-3} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} 0.00625 \\ 0.0074 \end{matrix}$$

$$C(6) = 7.4 \times 10^{-3} \quad \{t \in [1, 6]\}$$

$$C'(t) = \frac{0.1(t+3)^2 - 0.1t(2(t+3))}{(t+3)^4}$$

$$t = -3$$

$$0 = 0.1(t+3)^2 - 0.2t(t+3)$$

$$0 = (t+3)(0.1(t+3) - 0.2t)$$

$$= (t+3)(0.1t + 0.3 - 0.2t)$$

$$= (t+3)(-0.1t + 0.3)$$

$$\begin{matrix} t+3=0 \\ t=-3 \end{matrix}$$

$$-0.1t + 0.3 = 0$$

$$0.3 = 0.1t$$

$$3 = t$$

$$C(3) = 0.0083$$

There is a maximum value
at $t=3$

There is a minimum value
at $t=1$

1.

$$0 = \frac{1600(v^2 + 6400) - 1600v(2v)}{(v^2 + 6400)^2}$$

$$0 = 1600v^2 + 1600(6400) - 3200v^2$$

$$0 = -1600v^2 + 1600(6400)$$

$$= -1600(v^2 - 6400) \quad v^2 = 6400$$

$$v = \pm \sqrt{6400}$$

$$S'(t) > 0$$

$$v = 80$$

$$\frac{-1600(v^2 - 6400)}{(v^2 - 6400)^2} > 0$$



$$\frac{-1600}{v^2 - 6400} > 0$$

$$\frac{x-2}{x-3}$$

$$P(t) = 2t + (162t+1)^{-1}$$

$$P(t) = \underbrace{(2t)} + \frac{1}{162t+1} \quad t \in [0,1]$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(t) &= 2t + (162t+1)^{-1} \\ &= 2 + -1(162t+1)^{-2} \cdot 162 \\ &= 2 - 162(162t+1)^{-2} \end{aligned}$$

$$0 = 2 - \frac{162}{(162t+1)^2}$$

$$\frac{162}{(162t+1)^2} = \frac{2}{1}$$

$$\cdot 162 = 2(162t+1)^2$$

$$81 = (162t+1)^2$$

$$\pm 9 = 162t+1$$

$$-1 \pm 9 = 162t$$

$$\frac{-1 \pm 9}{162} = t \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{8}{162}$$

$0/162$